

### Food Sensitivity Test

Patient Name: PRETEND PATIENT II

Healthcare Provider: Sample Physician

Test Date: 11 Feb 2010

Severe Intolerance

> AVOCADO CHERRY TOMATO WHEAT

Moderate Intolerance

BRAZII NUT CABBAGE CARROT CHILI PEPPER **GREEN PEA** LIME MANGO MUSSEL OREGANO PARSNIP PORK **THYME** 

Mild Intolerance

ANCHOVY' ARTICHOKE\* BANANA\* **BLACK-EYED PEAS\*** CANOLA OIL\* CARAWAY\* CARDAMOM\* CASHEW\* CHICKEN\* CI AM\* **FENNEL SEED\*** FRUCTOSE (HFCS)\* GARLIC\* HADDOCK\*

JALAPENO PEPPER\* KELP\* LAMB\* LEEK\* LICORICE\* LOBSTER' MACADAMIA\* MAHI MAHI\* MAPLE SUGAR\* MUNG BEAN' PEACH\* PSYLLIUM\* RICE\* ROMAINE LETTUCE SAFFLOWER\* SAGE\*

SALMON\* SCALLIONS' SPINACH\* SUNFLOWER\* TURMERIC\*

ACORN SOLIASH **BLACK BEANS BUTTERNUT SQUASH CHICK PEA** FAVA BEAN LENTIL BEAN **OKRA RADISH** STRING BEAN

WATERCRESS

FIG

**BFFF** 

**VEGETABLES / LEGUMES** ASPARAGUS **BOK CHOY BUTTON MUSHROOM CUCUMBER** ICEBERG LETTUCE LIMA BEAN ONION RED/GRN LEAF LETTUC SWEET POTATO

WHITE POTATO

REFT **BROCCOLI** CAULIFLOWER **EGGPLANT** KALE MUSTARD PINTO BEAN SOYBEAN SWISS CHARD **ZUCCHINI SQUASH** 

RELL PEPPERS **BRUSSEL SPROUTS CELERY ENDIVE** KIDNEY BEAN **NAVY BEAN** PORTOBELLO MUSHRO SQUASH (Yellow) **TURNIP** 

(200)

**FRUITS** 

**APPLE APRICOT BLUEBERRY** CANTALOUPE **GRAPE** KIWI LEMON **ORANGE PAPAYA** PLUM POMEGRANATE STRAWBERRY WATERMELON

**BLACK CURRANT BLACKBERRY CRANBERRY** DATE HONEYDEW (MELON) **GRAPEFRUIT NECTARINE** OLIVE PINEAPPLE **PEAR PUMPKIN RASPBERRY** 

DUCK

File #: 68220

**MEAT** 

**BISON CHICKEN LIVER** TURKEY **VEAL VENISON** 

DAIRY

**EGG WHITE EGG YOLK** 

**SEAFOOD** 

CODFISH CATFISH CRAB **FLOUNDER** OYSTER **HALIBUT MACKEREL** SARDINE SCALLOP SEA BASS SHRIMP SNAPPER SOLE SQUID **SWORDFISH** TILAPIA **TROUT** TUNA

**GRAINS** 

AMARANTH **BUCKWHEAT** CORN MILLET QUINOA SORGHUM **TAPIOCA** WILD RICE

**HERBS / SPICES** 

BASIL **BAY LEAF BLACK PEPPER CAYENNE PEPPER CINNAMON** CLOVE **CORIANDER CUMIN** PAPRIKA DILL **GINGER** NUTMEG PARSLEY PEPPERMINT ROSEMARY SAFFRON

**NUTS/ OILS AND MISC. FOODS** 

ALMOND CANE SUGAR COCONUT **HAZELNUT PECAN** VANILLA

BAKER'S YEAST CAROB COFFEE HONEY PINE NUT WALNUT

**BLK/GREEN TEA** CHAMOMILE COTTONSEED **HOPS PISTACHIO** 

**BREWER'S YEAST** COCOA FLAXSEED **PEANUT SESAME** 

You have a severe reaction to Gluten/Gliadin,

OAT

You have no reaction to Candida Albicans.

eliminate these foods: BARLEY' MALT RYE SPELT\*

You have no reaction to Whey and moderate reaction to Casein, avoid these foods:

COW'S MILK GOAT'S MILK



# Food Sensitivity Test 4 Day Rotation Diet

Patient Name: PRETEND PATIENT II

Healthcare Provider: Sample Physician

File #: 68220

Test Date: 2/11/2010

DAY 1 DAY 2 DAY 3 DAY 4

**STARCH** 

TAPIOCA WHITE POTATO STARCH

MILLET WILD RICE STARCH

CORN QUINOA SORGHUM SWEET POTATO STARCH

AMARANTH BUCKWHEAT RICE\*

**VEGETABLES/LEGUMES** 

ARTICHOKE\*
BLACK-EYED PEAS\*
BUTTERNUT SQUASH
CELERY
EGGPLANT
KALE
PARSLEY
RED/GRN LEAF LETTUCE

**VEGETABLES** 

BELL PEPPERS
BOK CHOY
BROCCOLI
BRUSSEL SPROUTS
BUTTON MUSHROOM
CAULIFLOWER
ENDIVE
KELP\*
MUSTARD
ZUCCHINI SQUASH

**VEGETABLES** 

ACORN SQUASH
ASPARAGUS
BLACK BEANS
FENNEL SEED\*
ICEBERG LETTUCE
LEEK\*
LIMA BEAN
ONION
PINTO BEAN
RADISH
STRING REAN

**VEGETABLES** 

BEET
CUCUMBER
JALAPENO PEPPER\*
OKRA
PORTOBELLO MUSHROOM
SCALLIONS\*
SPINACH\*
SQUASH (Yellow)
SWISS CHARD
TURNIP

**FRUIT** 

ROMAINE LETTUCE\*

BANANA\*
BLACK CURRANT
DATE
FIG
GRAPE
KIWI
PAPAYA
STRAWBERRY

**FRUIT** 

APPLE
BLUEBERRY
CRANBERRY
PEAR
PINEAPPLE
POMEGRANATE

**FRUIT** 

APRICOT BLACKBERRY NECTARINE PEACH\* PLUM RASPRERRY **FRUIT** 

CANTALOUPE GRAPEFRUIT HONEYDEW (MELON) LEMON OLIVE ORANGE PUMPKIN WATERMELON

**PROTEIN** 

BEEF BISON CHICK PEA CODFISH CRAB FAVA BEAN FLOUNDER LAMB\* OYSTER SARDINE SEA BASS SNAPPER SWORDFISH VEAL **PROTEIN** 

CATFISH
CHICKEN\*
EGG WHITE
EGG YOLK
LENTIL BEAN
MACKEREL
MAHI MAHI\*
SQUID
TILAPIA
TUNA

**PROTEIN** 

ANCHOVY\*
DUCK
HALIBUT
KIDNEY BEAN
MUNG BEAN\*
NAVY BEAN
SOLE
SOYBEAN

**PROTEIN** 

CHICKEN LIVER
CLAM\*
HADDOCK\*
LOBSTER\*
SALMON\*
SCALLOP
SHRIMP
TROUT
TURKEY
VENISON

MISCELLANEOUS

BAY LEAF

CARAWAY\*

CASHEW\*

CHAMOMII F

COCONUT

CORIANDER

CUMIN

FLAXSEED

HONEY

LICORICE\*

PISTACHIO

ROSEMARY

SAFFLOWER'

TURMERIC<sup>5</sup>

**MISCELLANEOUS** 

BAKER'S YEAST
BASIL
BREWER'S YEAST
CANE SUGAR
CAYENNE PEPPER
CINNAMON
CLOVE
GARLIC\*
GINGER
HAZELNUT
HOPS
MAPLE SUGAR\*
PAPRIKA
PEPPERMINT
SAFFRON

**MISCELLANEOUS** 

ALMOND
CANOLA OIL\*
CARDAMOM\*
COCOA
COFFEE
COTTONSEED
DILL
MACADAMIA\*
PEANUT
PSYLLIUM\*

MISCELLANEOUS

BLACK PEPPER BLK/GREEN TEA CAROB FRUCTOSE (HFCS)\* NUTMEG PECAN PINE NUT SAGE\* SESAME SUNFLOWER\* VANILLA WALNUT

#### Foods To Avoid

File: 68220 Date: 2/11/2010 Patient: PRETEND PATIENT II Clinic/Doctor: Sample Physician AVOCADO The avocado is very popular in vegetarian cuisine, making an excellent substitute for meats in sandwiches and salads because of its high fat content. The fruit is not sweet, but fatty, strongly flavored, and of smooth, almost creamy texture. It is used as the base for the Mexican dip, quacamole, as well as a filling for several kinds of sushi, including California rolls. Avocado is popular in chicken dishes and as a spread on toast, served with salt and pepper. In Brazil and Vietnam, avocados are considered sweet fruits, so are frequently used for milk-shakes and occasionally added to ice cream and other desserts. For reintroduction into diet, place into day: 2 **BRAZIL NUT** Brazil nut is a large nut with brown skin, and can be used in recipes that call for coconut or macadamia nuts, as they are high in fat content resulting in a rich flavor. Brazil nuts are high in Selenium. For reintroduction, place on day 3. Avoid also savoy cabbage, roundhead cabbage, spring cabbage, chinese cabbage, collard greens, kale, kohlrabi, purple cabbage, red cabbage, white cabbage, pak choi, pe-tsai & sauerkraut, indonesian relish and pickled red cabbage. For reintroduction into diet, place into Day 2. Carrots are often chopped and boiled, fried or steamed, and cooked in soups and stews, as well as baby and pet foods. Together with onion and celery, carrots are one of the primary vegetables used to make various broths. Carrot juice is also widely marketed, especially as a health drink, either stand-alone or blended with fruits and other vegetables. For reintroduction into diet, place into day: 1 CHERRY Avoid also cherry juice. May be used in pies, jams, liqueurs and brandies. For reintroduction into diet, place into Day 3. CHILI PEPPER The chili has a long association with Mexican cuisine as later adapted into Tex-Mex cuisine. Although unknown in Asia until Europeans introduced it there, chili has also become a part of the Korean, Indian, Indonesian, Szechuan, Thai and other cooking traditions. Its popularity has seen it adopted into many cuisines of the World. Chili peppers are also often used around the world to make a wide variety of sauces, known as hot sauce, chili sauce, or pepper sauce. Also avoid curry, paprika, pimento, red pepper, jalapeno pepper and Tabasco sauce. For reintroduction into diet, place into day: 1 **GREEN PEA** Fresh peas are often eaten boiled as a side dish vegetable. Commonly used in many different Chinese and Indian foods. Peas are also used in pot pies, salads and casseroles. Also avoid cream peas, split peas, frozen mixed vegetables. For reintroduction into diet, place into day: 3 Limes are used in beverages, such as limeade (akin to lemonade). Alcoholic beverages prepared with limes include cocktails such as gin and tonic, margarita, mojito, as well as many drinks that may be garnished with a thin slice of the fruit. Tequila is commonly accompanied by lime wedges and salt. Beer is often served with limes in Mexico. Lime juice is also used in some commercial soft drinks. In cooking, lime is valued both for the acidity of its juice and the floral aroma of its zest. It is used in Key lime pie and is a very common ingredient in authentic Mexican, Southwestern American and Thai dishes. For reintroduction into diet, place into day: 3 MANGO The fruit flesh of a ripe mango is very sweet, with a unique taste. Mangoes are used in chutneys, preserves and mango juice. The fruit is also widely used as a key ingredient in a variety of cereal products, in particular muesli and granola. For reintroduction into diet, place into day: 1

This list is presented as a sample reference list. You should read all labels each time you make a purchase because manufacturers may change formulations. Become aware of all ingredients found in foods you plan to consume. Please see accompanying booklet for more information. It is advisable to consult a qualified nutritional counsellor for further assistance with your rotation diet plan.

day: 4

Marine mussels are a popular seafood, especially in Belgium and the Netherlands, where they are consumed with French fries. In Italy they are popular, often mixed with other sea food, or eaten with pasta. Mussels can be smoked, boiled, steamed or fried in batter. For reintroduction into diet, place into

MUSSEL

#### Foods To Avoid

File: 68220 Date: 2/11/2010 Patient: PRETEND PATIENT II Clinic/Doctor: Sample Physician

**OREGANO** 



Oregano is an important culinary herb. It is particularly widely used in Greek and Italian cuisines. It is the leaves that are used in cooking, and the dried herb is often more flavorful than the fresh. Oregano is often used in tomato sauces, fried vegetables and grilled meat. Oregano is an indispensable ingredient for Greek cuisine. Oregano adds flavor to Greek salad. The dish most commonly associated with oregano is pizza. For reintroduction into diet, place into day: 3

**PARSNIP** 



The parsnip is a root vegetable related to the carrot. Parsnips can be boiled, roasted or used in stews, soups and casseroles. For reintroduction into diet, place into day: 4

**PORK** 



Avoid also bacon, ground pork, pork liver, stuffing, pâté, ham, hot dogs, italian sausage, pastrama, rillettes, bologna, liverwurst, brawn, Dutch loaf, honeyloaf, scrapple, souse, salami, peperoni, kabanos, chorizo, bierwurst, black pudding, lard, pork chops, pork sausage & pork skins. For reintroduction into diet, place into Day 3.

**THYME** 



Thyme is used most widely in cooking. Thyme is a basic ingredient in French, Greek, Italian, Persian, Spanish and Turkish cuisines, and in those derived from them. It is also widely used in Lebanese and Caribbean cuisines. Thyme is often used to flavor meats, soups and stews. It has a particular affinity to and is often used as a primary flavor with lamb, tomatoes and eggs. For reintroduction into diet, place into day:3

TOMATO

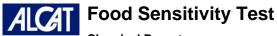


Avoid also ketchup, picante sauce, chutney, tomato juice. Used on pizzas, sauces, lasagnas, salads and curries. For reintroduction into diet, place into Day 1.

WHEAT



Avoid also enriched flour, msg, pasta, puffed wheat, shredded wheat, soy sauce, triticale, wheat berries, wheat bran, wheat germ, whole wheat flour, all-purpose flour, bread, products, bulgur, crackers & cream of wheat. For reintroduction into diet, place into Day 2.



RED#40 ALLURA RED

SACCHARINE

SODIUM SULFITE

SORBIC ACID

XYLITOL

YELLOW#5 TARTRAZINE

YELLOW#6 SUNSET YELLOW

PENICILLIUM

PHOMA DESTRUCTIVA

PULLULARIA

RHODOTORULA RUBRA

SPONDYLOCLADIUM

TRICHODERMA

Patient: PRETEND PATIENT II Test Date: 2/11/2010

NAPROXEN (ALEVE)

NEOMYCIN

NYSTATIN

PENICILLAMINE

PENICILLIN

STREPTOMYCIN

SULFAMETHOXAZOLE TETRACYCLINE

TDE Chemical Report (70)Doctor/Clinic: Sample Physician File: 68220 **Food Additives** Molds **Environmental Pharmacoactive** Other **Food Colorings** Chemicals Agents **Items** Severe Severe Severe Severe Severe Intolerance Intolerance Intolerance Intolerance Intolerance Moderate Moderate Moderate Moderate **Moderate** Intolerance Intolerance Intolerance внт RHIZOPUS STOLONIFER PIROXICAM (FELDENE) RED#1 CRYSTAL PONCEAU ALTERNARIA BENZENE VOLTAREN **ASPERGILLUS** DELTAMETHRIN SUCRALOSE (SPLENDA) CURVULARIA PHENOL No No No No No Intolerance Intolerance Intolerance Intolerance Intolerance AMMONIUM CHLORIDE ASPARTAME **BOTRYTIS** ACETAMINOPHEN BENZOIC ACID CEPHALOSPORIUM CHLORINE AMOXICILLIN BHA CLADO HERBARUM **FLUORIDE** AMPICILLIN BLUE#1 BRILLIANT BLUE **EPICOCCUM NIGRUM** FORMALDEHYDE **ASPIRIN** BLUE#2 INDIGO CARMINE FUSARIUM OXYSPORIUM GLYPHOSATE CEPHALOSPORIN C ERYTHRITOL GEOTRICHUM CANDIDUM ORRIS ROOT CLINORIL GREEN#3 FAST GREEN HELMINTHOSPORIUM TOLUENE DIFLUNISAL (DOLOBID) MSG HORMODENDRUM **GENTAMICIN** POLYSORBATE 80 MONILIA SITOPHILA **IBUPROFEN** POTASSIUM NITRITE MUCOR RACEMOSUS INDOCIN



## Food Sensitivity Test

Patient Name: PRETEND PATIENT II

Healthcare Provider: Sample Physician File #: 68220

Severe Intolerance

CHLORELLA RED YEAST RICE

**Moderate** Intolerance

> **AGAVE** DANDELION

Intolerance

ACAI BERRY ESSIAC FEVERFEW **GURANA SEED** MANGOSTEEN MULLEIN LEAF PAU DARCO BARK PINE BARK **ROOIBOS TEA** SCHISANDRA BERRY STEVIA LEAF

WORMWOOD

**Functional Foods and Medicinal Herbs** 

ALOE VERA ASHWAGANDHA BEE POLLEN **BILLBERRY ECHINACEA ELDERBERRY** GOLDENSEAL GRAPE SEED EXTRACT KAVA KAVA MILK THISTLE HUPERZINE MAITAKE MUSHROOM REISHI MUSHROOM RESVERATROL SPIRULINA ST JOHNS WORT WHEAT GRASS YELLOW DOCK

ASTRAGALUS **BARLEY GRASS BLACK WALNUT GINKO BILOBA** GYMNEMA SYLVESTRE LO HAN LUTEIN NONI BERRY RHODIOLA **SENNA** VALERIAN

CASCARA **GOJI BERRY** HAWTHORN BERRY RED CLOVER SEED VINPOCETINE

(50)

Test Date: 11 Feb 2010

Herbs: Male/Female

RED indicates a severe intolerance and these items should be avoided for a minimum of 6 months YELLOW indicates a mild intolerance and these foods should be avoided if possible ORANGE indicates a moderate intolerance and these items should be avoided for a minimum of 3-6 months GREEN indicates acceptable foods / no reaction